

**Notice of
Chapter 11 Bankruptcy Case, Meeting of Creditors, & Deadlines**

A Chapter 11 bankruptcy case concerning the debtor corporation listed below was filed on the date listed below.

You may be a creditor of the debtor. **This notice lists important deadlines.** You may want to consult an attorney to protect your rights. All documents filed in the case may be inspected at the bankruptcy clerk’s office at the address listed below.

NOTE: The staff of the bankruptcy clerk’s office cannot give legal advice.

See Reverse Side for Important Explanations.

Debtor Name (Other names used by the Debtors in the last 8 years, including trade names, if any, appear in brackets):	Debtor Address:	Case Number:	Date Case Filed:	Taxpayer ID Number:
The Consumers Trust	c/o David Rubin & Partners Pearl Assurance House 319 Ballards Lane London, N128LY, England	05-60155 (REG)	12/5/2005	

Attorney for the Debtor (name and address):

**KATTEN MUCHIN ROSENMAN LLP
575 Madison Avenue
New York, New York 10022-2585
Telephone: (212) 940-8800
Merritt A. Pardini, Esq.**

Meeting of Creditors:

Date: **January 12, 2006** Time: **2:30 p.m.**

Location: **Office of the United States Trustee
80 Broad Street, 2nd Floor
New York, New York 10004**

Deadline to File a Proof of Claim

Proof of Claim must be *received* by the bankruptcy clerk’s office by the following deadline:

March 15, 2006 (for all creditors other than governmental units)
June 6, 2006 (for governmental units)

Proofs of claim may be filed at either of the following addresses:

If by overnight delivery or hand delivery:
United States Bankruptcy Court
Consumers Trust Claims Processing
One Bowling Green, Room 534
New York, NY 10004-1408

If by standard mail:
United States Bankruptcy Court
Consumers Trust Claims Processing
P.O. Box 5102, Bowling Green Station
New York, NY 10274-5102

Proofs of claim will **not** be accepted by facsimile, telecopy or electronic mail transmission. Attorneys representing creditors in this case should **not** file proofs of claim electronically on the Court’s ECF (Electronic Case File) System

Foreign Creditors

A creditor to whom this notice is sent at a foreign address should read the information under “Claims” on the reverse side.

Deadline to File a Complaint to Determine Dischargeability of Certain Debts

Notice of deadline will be sent at a later time

Creditors May Not Take Certain Actions:

In most cases, the filing of the bankruptcy case automatically stays certain collection and other actions against the debtor and the debtor’s property. Under certain circumstances, the stay may be limited to 30 days or not exist at all, although the debtor can request the court to extend or impose a stay. If you attempt to collect a debt or take other action in violation of the Bankruptcy Code, you may be penalized. Consult a lawyer to determine your rights in this case.

Address of the Bankruptcy Clerk’s Office:	For the Court:
United States Bankruptcy Court, Southern District of New York One Bowling Green New York, New York 10004 Phone (212) 668-2870	Clerk of the Bankruptcy Court: <i>/s/ Kathleen Farrell-Willoughby</i> Kathleen Farrell-Willoughby
Hours Open: Monday - Friday; 8:30 am – 5:00 pm	Date: December 20, 2005

Filing of Chapter 11 Bankruptcy Case	A bankruptcy case under Chapter 11 of the Bankruptcy Code (title 11, United States Code) has been filed in this court by or against the debtor(s) listed on the front side, and an order for relief has been entered. Chapter 11 allows a debtor to reorganize or liquidate pursuant to a plan. A plan is not effective unless confirmed by the court. You may be sent a copy of the plan and a disclosure statement telling you about the plan, and you might have the opportunity to vote on the plan. You will be sent notice of the date of the confirmation hearing, and you may object to confirmation of the plan and attend the confirmation hearing. Unless a trustee is serving, the debtor will remain in possession of the debtor's property and may continue to operate any business.
Legal Advice	The staff of the bankruptcy clerk's office cannot give legal advice. Consult a lawyer to determine your rights in this case.
Creditors Generally May Not Take Certain Actions	Prohibited collection actions are listed in Bankruptcy Code § 362. Common examples of prohibited actions include contacting the debtor by telephone, mail, or otherwise to demand repayment; taking actions to collect money or obtain property from the debtor; repossessing the debtor's property; and starting or continuing lawsuits or foreclosures. Under certain circumstances, the stay may be limited to 30 days or not exist at all, although the debtor can request the court to extend or impose a stay.
Meeting of Creditors	A meeting of creditors is scheduled for the date, time, and location listed on the front side. <i>The debtor's representative must be present at the meeting to be questioned under oath by the trustee and by creditors.</i> Creditors are welcome to attend, but are not required to do so. The meeting may be continued and concluded at a later date without further notice. The court, after notice and a hearing, may order that the United States trustee not convene the meeting if the debtor has filed a plan for which the debtor solicited acceptances before filing the case.
Claims	A Proof of Claim is a signed statement describing a creditor's claim. If a Proof of Claim form is not included with this notice, you can obtain one at any bankruptcy clerk's office, are also available from the Court's web site at http://www.nysb.uscourts.gov . You may look at the schedules that have been or will be filed at the bankruptcy clerk's office. If your claim is scheduled and is not listed as disputed, contingent, or unliquidated, it will be allowed in the amount scheduled unless you filed a Proof of Claim or you are sent further notice about the claim. Whether or not your claim is scheduled, you are permitted to file a Proof of Claim. If your claim is not listed at all or if your claim is listed as disputed, contingent, or unliquidated, then you must file a Proof of Claim or you might not be paid any money on your claim and may be unable to vote on a plan. A secured creditor retains rights in its collateral regardless of whether that creditor files a Proof of Claim. Filing a Proof of Claim submits the creditor to the jurisdiction of the bankruptcy court, with consequences a lawyer can explain. For example, a secured creditor who files a Proof of Claim may surrender important nonmonetary rights, including the right to a jury trial. Filing Deadline for a Foreign Creditor: The deadlines for filing claims set forth on the front of this notice apply to all creditors. If this notice has been mailed to a creditor at a foreign address, the creditor may file a motion requesting the court to extend the deadline.
Discharge of Debts	Confirmation of a chapter 11 plan may result in a discharge of debts, which may include all or part of your debt. See Bankruptcy Code § 1141 (d). A discharge means that you may never try to collect the debt from the debtor, except as provided in the plan. If you believe that a debt owed to you is not dischargeable under Bankruptcy Code § 1141 (d) (6) (A), you must start a lawsuit by filing a complaint in the bankruptcy clerk's office by the "Deadline to File a Complaint to Determine Dischargeability of Certain Debts" listed on the front side. The bankruptcy clerk's office must receive the complaint and any required filing fee by that deadline.
Bankruptcy Clerk's Office	Any paper that you file in this bankruptcy case should be filed at the bankruptcy clerk's office at the address listed on the front side. You may inspect all papers filed, including the list of the debtor's property and debts and the list of the property claimed as exempt, at the bankruptcy clerk's office.
Foreign Creditors	Consult a lawyer familiar with United States bankruptcy law if you have any questions regarding your rights in this case.